Attachment 2

...defines the specifications and requirements for BTeV Superconducting Corrector Magnets.

I Cryogenic Operating Conditions.

The BTeV C0 IR corrector magnets will operate in **4.5K liquid helium at a pressure of 2.2bar**.

II Maximum Operating Current.

The BTeV C0 IR corrector magnets must reach the required operating strengths with currents less than 100A, the power supply limit.

III Quench Performance

The BTeV CO IR corrector magnets must reach the required maximum strengths without quenching during normal operation, independent of the fields due to excitation of the other correctors in the same assembly.

IV Number of Corrector Magnet Assemblies Required.

X1 Spools

V/H Dipole (±45° coil scheme), Sextupole, Strong Quadrupole 4 installed spools, 1 spare spool, 1 spare corrector assembly

Total: 6 X1 corrector magnet assemblies

X2 Spools

V Dipole, H Dipole

4 installed spools, 1 spare spool, 1 spare corrector assembly

Total: 6 X2 corrector magnet assemblies

X3 Spools

V Dipole, H Dipole, Skew Quadrupole

2 installed spools, 1 spare spool, 1 spare corrector assembly

Total: 4 corrector assemblies

Total: 16 corrector magnet assemblies

V Corrector Magnet Assembly Dimensional Limits

C0 IR Corrector Magnet Requirements							
Dimensional Constraints							
Spool	Spool Maximum Overall Length (mm)		Maximum OD [◆]				
		ID [♦] (mm)	(mm)				
X1	1200	70	250				
X2	550	70	250				
X3	800	70	250				

T. Page would like to change maximum OD to 160-180mm and standardize for all correctors to permit identical support systems

VI Corrector Magnet Field Strength Requirements:

	C0 IR Corrector Magnet Requirements								
Strengths at Maximum Field									
Note: Maximum Current ≤100A (power supply limit)									
Spool	Maximum	VD	HD	SQ	Sx	Q*			
	Overall Length	T. m	T. m	T.m/m	T.m/m ²	T.m/m			
	(mm)								
X1V	1200	0.48			450	25			
X1H	1200		0.48		450	25			
X2	550	0.48	0.48						
X2	550	0.48	0.48						
X3	800	0.48	0.48	7.5					
X3	800	0.48	0.48	7.5					
X2	550	0.48	0.48						
X2	550	0.48	0.48						
X1V	1200	0.48			450	25			
X1H	1200		0.48		450	25			

^{*} The limits define a 'slot length' in the spool: the maximum extent the complete magnet assembly - coils, iron, end pieces, support structure, etc. - is allotted

VII Corrector Magnet Field Non-Uniformity Limits

Limits Updated by J. Johnstone

	C0 IR Corrector Magnet Requirements Field Quality – Limits on Harmonics									
	X1, X2 Dipoles 0.48 T. m	X1 Sextupole 450 T.m/m ²	X1 Strong Quad 25 T.m/m	X3 Dipoles 0.48 T. m	X3 Skew Quad 7.5 T.m/m					
	[bn , an] max (units)	[bn , an] max (units)	[bn , an] max (units)	[bn , an] max (units)	[bn , an] max (units)					
b 0		75	35		35					
a ₀	50	75	35	25	35					
b1	50	75		25	75					
a ₁	75	75	75	40						
$\mathbf{b_2}$	75		75	40	75					
$a_{n>1}$	75	75	75	75	75					
b _{n>2}	75	75	75	75	75					

These are maximum acceptable values. The corrector design should accommodate all manufacturing tolerances so that no measured harmonic coefficient exceeds its limit. The reference radius for harmonic calculations is 25.4mm.

VIII Corrector Magnet Current Ramp Rate Requirements

[TBD - first pass estimates from J. Johnstone]

Horizontal and vertical dipoles: 12 A/sec Skew quadrupole 9 A/sec Sextupole 7 A/sec Strong quadrupole (Q*) 6 A/sec

Note: scaled from existing corrector ramps, with estimates of new corrector transfer function, and some additional margin.

IX Corrector Magnet Alignment

Nested correctors which are wound together present an interesting situation – they are not independently adjustable Approach:

Define "primary" corrector in each package

X1 – "Q*" strong quadrupole corrector

X2 – HD/VD 45° scheme ?

X3 – HD/VD 45° scheme ?

Set alignment lug w/respect to primary corrector Measure offsets of other correctors w/respect to primary

IX.2 Field Angles

IX.3 Field Centers

[TBD- the following is a <u>first pass guess</u>]
'Primary' - ±.005in?? need more information on materials & fabrication tolerances?
Relative – (see previous comment)